

GRETCHEN WHITMER

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Bulletin 18 of 2023 November 14, 2023 Procedural Changes for 2024

TO: Assessing Officers and County Equalization Directors

FROM: Michigan State Tax Commission

SUBJECT: Procedural Changes for the 2024 Assessment Year

The purpose of this Bulletin is to provide information on statutory changes, procedural changes and reminders for the 2024 assessment year. Additional guidance may be issued later if any pending legislation is enacted by the end of the year.

A. Inflation Rate Used in the 2024 Capped Value Formula

The inflation rate, expressed as a multiplier, to be used in the 2024 Capped Value Formula is 1.05.

The 2024 Capped Value Formula is as follows:

2024 CAPPED VALUE = (2023 Taxable Value – LOSSES) X 1.05 + ADDITIONS

The formula includes 1.05 because the inflation rate multiplier of 1.051 is higher than 1.05.

B. Federal Poverty Guidelines Used in the Determination of Poverty Exemptions for 2024

Local governing bodies are required to adopt guidelines that set income levels for their poverty exemption guidelines and those income levels **shall not be set lower** by a city or township than the federal poverty guidelines updated annually by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. This means, for example, that the income level for a household of 3 persons shall not be set lower than \$24,860 which is the amount shown on the following chart for a family of 3 persons. The income level for a family of 3 persons may be set higher than \$24,860. Following are the federal poverty guidelines for use in setting poverty exemption guidelines for 2024 assessments:

Size of Family Unit	Poverty Guidelines
1	\$14,580
2	\$19,720
3	\$24,860

Size of Family Unit	Poverty Guidelines
4	\$30,000
5	\$35,140
6	\$40,280
7	\$45,420
8	\$50,560
For each additional person	\$5,140

Note: MCL 211.7u states that the poverty exemption guidelines established by the governing body of the local assessing unit <u>shall</u> also include an asset level test. An asset test means the amount of cash, fixed assets or other property that could be used, or converted to cash for use in the payment of property taxes. The asset test should calculate a maximum amount permitted and all other assets above that amount should be considered as available. Please see STC Bulletin 3 of 2021 for more information on poverty exemptions.

Note: MCL 211.7u allows an affidavit (Treasury Form 4988) to be filed for all persons residing in the residence who were not required to file federal or state income tax returns in the current year or in the immediately preceding year. This includes the owner of the property who is filing for the exemption.

C. Sales Studies

Equalization study dates are as follows for 2024 equalization:

Two Year Study: April 1, two years prior through March 31, current year Single Year Study: October 1, preceding year through September 30, current year

For 2023 studies for 2024 equalization the dates are as follows:

Two Year Study: April 1, 2021 through March 31, 2023 Single Year Study: October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023

Note that the time period revisions apply to all equalization studies, that is: sales ratio studies, land value studies and economic condition factor studies for appraisals. Also note that the revised time period for two-year studies applies to all real property classifications.

D. Property Classification

The State Tax Commission reminds assessors that classification is to be determined annually and is based upon the current use of the property **and not** highest and best use of the property. The Commission is aware that some assessors are still classifying property according to highest and best use and/or are not classifying property on an annual basis. The Commission asks that all assessors take the necessary steps to ensure that all real and personal property is properly classified according to MCL 211.34c.